

# Intimate Care Policy



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# NEWBUILDNGS PRIMARY SCHOOL INTIMATE CARE POLICY

### INTRODUCTION

The Intimate Care Policy and Guidelines Regarding Children have been developed to safeguard children and staff. They apply to everyone involved in the intimate care of children.

Disabled children can be especially vulnerable. Staff involved with their intimate care need to be sensitive to their individual needs.

The Intimate Care Policy and Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the Area Child Protection Committee's Regional Policy and Procedures April 2005.

#### **DEFINITION**

Intimate care may be defined as any activity required to meet the personal care needs of each individual child. Parents have a responsibility to advise staff of the intimate care needs of their child, and staff have a responsibility to work in partnership with children and parents.

### Intimate care can include:

- Feeding
- Oral care
- Washing
- Dressing/undressing
- Toileting
- Menstrual Care
- o Treatments such as enemas, suppositories, enteral feeds
- Catheter and stoma care
- O Supervision of a child involved in intimate self-care

#### PRINCIPLES OF INTIMATE CARE

The following are the fundamental principles upon which the Policy and Guidelines are based:

Every child has the right to be safe.

- o Every child has the right to personal privacy.
- o Every child has the right to be valued as an individual.
- o Every child has the right to be treated with dignity and respect.
- Every child has the right to be involved and consulted in their own intimate care to the best of their abilities.
- Every child has the right to express their views on their own intimate care and to have such views taken into account.
- Every child has the right to have levels of intimate care that are as consistent as possible.

### SCHOOL RESPONSIBILITIES

Management must ensure that all staff undertaking the intimate care of children are familiar with, and understand the Intimate Care Policy and Guidelines together with associated Policy and Procedures e.g. ACPC Regional Policy and Procedures 2005, Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups (Northern Ireland) Order 2007.

- All staff must be trained in the specific types of intimate care that they
  carry out and fully understand the Intimate Care Policy and Guidelines
  within the context of their work.
- Intimate care arrangements must be agreed by the school, parents / carers and child (if appropriate).
- If a child has only specific toileting needs school staff, in liaison with parents, should complete Appendix 2. A home school links toileting book will be established and sent home, outlining intimate care taken place that day. If a child has a complex interaction of intimate care needs (e.g. catheterisation) Appendix 1 and 3 should be completed. This should be completed in liaison with parents and any external agencies involved. A record of any personal care undertaken should also be kept on a daily basis (Appendix 7).
- If Appendix 2 or 3 is implemented a consent form must be obtained (Appendix 4).
- Newbuildings Primary School needs to make provisions for emergencies
  i.e. a staff member on sick leave. Additional trained staff should be
  available to undertake specific intimate care tasks.

- Intimate care arrangements should be reviewed at least six monthly. The views of all relevant parties, including the child (if appropriate), should be sought and considered to inform future arrangements.
- If a staff member has concerns about a colleague's intimate care practice they must report this to their designated manager/teacher.
- If a child requires very occasional intimate care e.g. fall in playground, a one-off toilet accident or vomiting this should be recorded in Appendix 5 and an information note (Appendix 6) sent home to parents on the day the intimate care has taken place. All staff will have copies of both Appendix 5 and 6 in their classroom.
- In the situation where a child needs some assistance with intimate care, a
  permanent member of staff will help but toilet doors should be left
  unlocked. Another member of staff should be informed so that there is
  openness and shared information about what help was given. It should be
  noted that by the time a child starts school they will normally be
  expected to be independent in terms of their use of toilet facilities.

#### GUIDELINES FOR GOOD PRACTICE

All children have the right to be safe and to be treated with dignity and respect. These guidelines are designed to safeguard children and staff. They apply to every member of staff involved with the intimate care of children. Disabled children can be especially vulnerable. Staff involved with their intimate care need to be sensitive to their individual needs. Staff also need to be aware that some adults may use intimate care, as opportunity to abuse children. It is important to bear in mind that some care tasks / treatments can be open to misinterpretation. Adhering to these guidelines of good practice should safeguard children and staff. Please refer to:

- ❖ DENI Child Protection & Pastoral Care guidance 1999/10
- ❖ Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups (Northern Ireland) Order 2007
- Child Protection Support Service for Schools Governor's handbook -January 2007
- Circular 03/13 Guidance for schools on the Welfare and Protection of Pupils - Education and Libraries (NI) Order 2003
- ❖ Circular 06/06 Guidance on safer recruitment practices for education authorities (Access NI)
- Circular 06/07 Guidance for schools on the employment of substitute teachers (NISTR)

- \* Circular 06/08 Strand 3 Guidance for schools on the requirement for child protection training in relation to interviewing and selection panels
- Circular 06/09 Guidance on the vetting of paid and unpaid staff (Access NI)
- ❖ Circular 06/25 Guidance on the requirement for vetting of school governors (Access NI)

### Involve the child in their intimate care

- Try to encourage a child's independence as far as possible in his / her intimate care.
- Where the child is fully dependent talk with them about what is going to be done and give them choice where possible.
- Check your practice by asking the child / parent any likes / dislikes while carrying out intimate care and obtain consent.

# Treat every child with dignity and respect and ensure privacy appropriate to the child's age and situation.

A lot of care is carried out by one staff member alone with one child. The
practice of providing one-one intimate care of a child alone is supported,
unless the activity requires two persons for the greater comfort/safety
of the child or the child prefers two persons.

### Make sure practice in intimate care is consistent

 As a child can have multiple carers a consistent approach to care is essential. Effective communication between parents / carers / agencies ensures practice is consistent.

### Be aware of own limitations

- Only carry out care activities you understand and feel competent and confident to carry out. If in doubt ASK.
- Some procedures must only be carried out by staff who have been formally trained and assessed e.g. enteral feeding, rectal diazepam.
   (Page 8 of 17 Intimate Care Policy and Guidelines Regarding Children)

### Promote positive self-esteem and body image

- Confident, self-assured children who feel their body belongs to them are less vulnerable to sexual abuse.
- The approach you take to intimate care can convey lots of messages to a child about their body worth.
- Your attitude to a child's intimate care is important. Keeping in mind the child's age, routine care can be relaxed, enjoyable and fun.

### If you have any concerns you must report them

- If you observe any unusual markings, discolourations or swelling including the genital area, report immediately to your designated teacher.
- If during the intimate care of a child you accidentally hurt them, or the child appears to be sexually aroused by your actions, or misunderstands or misinterprets something, reassure the child, ensure their safety and report the incident immediately to your designated teacher.
- o Report and record any emotional or behavioural response by the child.
- A written record of concerns must be made and kept in the child's personal file. (Page 9 of 17 Intimate Care Policy and Guidelines Regarding Children)
- o It is important to follow reporting and recording procedures.
- o Parents / carers must be informed about concerns.
- Please refer to: Regional Area Child Protection Committee Child Protection Procedures - April 2005; DENI Child Protection & Pastoral Care Guidance1999; Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups (Northern Ireland Order 2007)

Ideally, every child should have the choice of carer for all their intimate care. The delivery of intimate care by professionally qualified staff will be governed by Newbuildings P.S.'s professional Code of Conduct in conjunction with the School's policy and procedures and in agreement with the designated teacher for Child Protection/Principal

• The individual child's safety, dignity and privacy are of paramount importance.

- When intimate care is being carried out, all children have the right to dignity and privacy i.e. they should be appropriately covered, the door closed or screens / curtains put in place.
- If the child appears distressed or uncomfortable when personal care tasks are being carried out, the care should stop immediately. Try to ascertain why the child is distressed and provide reassurance.
- o Report concerns to your Designated Teacher and make a written record.
- o Parents/carers must be informed about concerns.

### COMMUNICATION WITH CHILDREN

- It is the responsibility of all staff caring for a child to ensure that they
  are aware of the child's method and level of communication. e.g. words,
  signs, symbols, body movements, eye pointing.
- To ensure effective communication: Make eye contact at the child's level. Use simple language and repeat if necessary. Wait for response. Continue to explain to the child what is happening even if there is no response. Treat the child as an individual with dignity and respect.

# List of Appendices

Appendix 1 - record of other agencies involved

Appendix 2 - Toileting Plan

Appendix 3 - Personal Care Management Plan

Appendix 4 - Intimate Care Consent Form

Appendix 5 - Change of Clothing Record Form

Appendix 6 - Record Change of Clothing

Appendix 7 - Record of Personal Care Intervention



# Record of Personal Care Intervention (for child with complex needs)

Date	Time	Procedure	Staff signature	Comments



# Record of change of clothing - Appendix 6

Your child:	Primary School
Required a change of clothes on:	"Belleve and Achieve"
Because:	
· <del></del>	
Items Changed:	
Supervised/Assisted by:	
Own items - Please restock changing bag ASAP.	
School items - Please return, cleaned, to your child's class t	eacher ASAP.
Record of change of clothing	-ewbuildin
Your child:	Primary School
	Belleve and Achieve
Required a change of clothes on:	
Because:	<del></del>
	<del></del>
Items Changed:	
Supervised/Assisted by:	

Own items - Please restock changing bag ASAP. School items - Please return, cleaned, to your child's class teacher ASAP.

# Appendix 1

# Record of other agencies involved

ewbuilding
3000
Primary School
Est. 1905  Believe and Achieve

Child/young	person's name:	

DOB
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Name / Role	Contact address/phone/email
Parent/carer	
GP	
School Nurse / Health Visitor	
Continence Adviser	
Home care Team (Community	
Paediatric Nurse)	
Physiotherapist	
Occupational Therapist	
Hospital Consultant	
Physical and Sensory Support Service	
Educational Psychologist	
Case Officer	
Early Years and Childcare Service	
Adviser	
Social Worker	



# Toileting Plan

# Appendix 2



Child/young	D.O.B:	Date agreed:
person's name:		

	Details	Action
Working towards		
independence		
e.g. taking child/young		
person to toilet at timed		
intervals, using sign or		
symbol, any rewards used		
Arrangements for		
Nappy/pad changing:		
e.g. who, where and		
arrangements for privacy		
Level of Assistance		
Needed:		
e.g. undressing, dressing,		
hand washing,		
talking/signing to		
child/young person		
Infection Control		
e.g. wearing disposable		
gloves, nappy disposal		
Sharing information:		
e.g. if the child/young		
person has a napkin rash		
or any marks, any family		
customs or routines		
Resources Needed:		
e.g. special seat,		
nappies/pull ups, creams,		
disposable sacks, change		
of clothes, toilet step,		
gloves		

Signed:	Review date:
Parent	
Key member of staff:	

## c.c. Parent/Carer



### Intimate Care Consent Form Appendix 4



The purpose of this agreement is to ensure that both parents/carers and professionals are in agreement with what care is given, who is providing the care and that the appropriate training is given (if any specific training is required).

If teaching of the care procedure is required, it will be carried out by the parent/carer or by the professional experienced in that procedure.

When the parent/carer and/or professional are agreed the procedure has been learned and the staff carer feels comfortable with, and competent to administer that procedure, this record should be signed by the parties. One copy should be given to the staff carer, one retained in the staff carer's personnel file and one filed in the child's IEP folder.

Child's name:	
Procedure:	
Staff carer's name;	
Staff carer's Signature;	
Parent's Name:	
Parent's Signature;	
Parent/Carer and/or Professional	
I have taught the above procedure to the him/her as able to perform the care as ins	
Signed	Date:
Designation	
Date Reviewed	Autumn Term
Date Reviewed	Spring Term
Date Reviewed	Summer Term







# Change of Clothing Record Form - Appendix 5



Name of Child	<u>Date &amp; Time</u>	<u>Items changed -</u> <u>please state if own</u> <u>supply or schools</u>	Reason for change	Supervised by





## Personal Care Management Plan - Appendix 3

Child/Young Person's Name:	Date of Birth:	Condition:			
Details of assistance required:					
Facilities and equipment: (Clarify responsibility for provision of supplies, e.g. parent/carer/school/other					
Staffing					
Regular	Name	Time Plan			
Back up					
Training needs (individual staff must keep signed/dated records of training received in addition to school and setting held records. A record should be completed when training has been delivered and kept as part of the care plan)					





# Personal Care Management Plan - Page 2

## Appendix 3

Curriculum specifi	ic needs			
Arrangements for	trips/transport:			
Procedures for mo	onitoring and complaints: (inc	cluding notification of changing nee	ds by any relevant party)	
This plan has been	nagreed by:-			
Name:	Role:	Signature:	Date:	
Date for Review:				

